BANGLADESH TECHNICAL EDUCATION BOARD

6 4-YEAR DIPLOMA-IN-ENGINEERING PROGRAM SYLLABUS (PROBIDHAN-2016) (খসড়া)

ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY TECHNOLOGY CODE: 68

SYLLABUS (COURSE STRUCTURE-2016)

FIRST SEMESTER

DIPLOMA IN ENGINEERING PROBIDHAN-2016

Electronics Technology 1st Semester

						Marks				
Sl. No	Subject Code	Name of the subject	T P C		Theory		Practical		Total	
						Cont. assess	Final exam	Cont.	Final exam	
1	66811	Basic Electronics	2	3	3	40	60	25	25	150
2	61011	Engineering Drawing	0	6	2	0	0	50	50	100
3	66712	Electrical Engineering Fundamentals	3	3	4	60	90	25	25	200
4	65911	Mathematics -1	3	3	4	60	90	50	0	200
5	65913	Chemistry	3	3	4	60	90	25	25	200
6	65811	Social Science	3	0	3	60	90	0	0	150
7	65812	Physical education & Life Skill Development	0	3	1	0	0	25	25	50
	Total		14	21	21	280	420	200	150	1050

BASIC ELECTRONICS

T P C 2 3 3

OBJECTIVES

- To provide the understanding skill on Electronic Components, Electronic measuring and testing equipments.
- To provide understanding and skill on the basic concept of semiconductor junction and to identify
 physically a range of semiconductor diodes.
- To develop comprehensive knowledge and skill on special diodes and devices.
- To develop the abilities to construct different rectifier circuits.
- To provide understanding of the basic concept and principle of transistor and to identify physically a range of transistor.
- To provide understanding and skill on the basic concept of logic gates.

SHORT DESCRIPTION

Electronic components; measuring and test equipment; Color code and soldering; Semiconductor; P-N junction diode; Special diodes and devices; Power supply; Transistor; Transistor amplifier; Logic gates.

DETAIL DESCRIPTION

Theory:

- 1. Understand the Electronics, its components and measuring and testing equipments.
 - 1.1 Define Electronics.
 - 1.2 Describe the scope of Electronics.
 - 1.3 Describe the active and passive components used in electronic circuits.
 - 1.4 Define Resistor, Inductor and Capacitor and mention the function of them in electronic circuits.
 - 1.5 Describe the procedure of determining the value of Resistor, Inductor and Capacitor using numeric and color code.
 - Describe the function of (i) Ammeter, (ii) Volt meter, (iii) AVO meter, (iv) Function Generator, (v) Logic Probe, (vi) Semiconductor Device Tester and (vii) Oscilloscope.

2. Understand the Concept of Semiconductor used in Electronics.

- 2.1 Define Semiconductor.
- 2.2 Describe covalent bond and the effect of temperature on Semiconductor.
- 2.3 Explain the energy band diagram of Conductor, Semiconductor and Insulator.
- 2.4 Explain the characteristics of Carbon, Silicon, Germanium and Gallium Arsenide.
- 2.5 Describe the classification of Semiconductor.
- 2.6 Describe the generation & recombination of hole and electron during doping in Extrinsic Semiconductor.
- 2.7 Describe the formation of P-type & N-Type Semiconductor material.
- 2.8 Explain the majority & minority charge carrier of P-type & N-Type Semiconductor.

3. Understand the Concept of P-N Junction Diode

- 3.1 Define PN junction diode
- 3.2 Describe the formation of depletion layer in PN junction.
- 3.3 Discuss potential barrier, drift & diffusion current and their physical significance.
- 3.4 Explain forward and reverse bias in PN junction with barrier voltage.
- 3.5 Mention the behavior of PN junction under forward and reverse bias.
- 3.6 Explain the forward and reverse Voltage-Current (VI) characteristics curve of PN junction diode.
- 3.7 Define (I) static resistance, (II) Dynamic resistance, (III) Forward breakdown voltage and (IV) Peak Inverse Voltage (PIV) and (IV) Reverse break down voltage.
- 3.8 Describe the specification of PN Junction diode.

4. Understand the DC power supply.

- 4.1 Define dc power supply and describe its importance in electronics.
- 4.2 Define regulated and unregulated power supply.
- 4.3 Describe the operation of a typical regulated dc power supply with block diagram.
- 4.4 Define rectifier and rectification.
- 4.5 Explain the operation of Half wave, Full wave and Bridge rectifier circuit.
- 4.6 Determine the ripple factor, efficiency and TUF of Half wave, Full wave and Bridge rectifier.
- 4.7 Define filter circuit and explain the operation of Capacitor, Inductor-Capacitor and pi (π) filter circuit.

5. Understand the Concepts of Special diodes.

- 5.1 Define Zener Diode.
- 5.2 Describe the operation of Zener diode.
- 5.3 Explain VI characteristics of Zener diode.
- 5.4 Explain Zener diode as a auto-variable resistor.
- 5.5 Describe the application of Zener diode in (i) voltage stabilization, (ii) meter protection and (iii) peck clipper circuits.
- Describe the construction, operation and application of (i) Tunnel diode, (ii) Varactor diode, (iii) Schottky diode, (iv) Step-Recovery diode, (v) PIN diode, (vi) LED, (vii) LCD, (viii) photo diode and (ix) Solar cell.

6. Understand the construction and operation of Bipolar Junction Transistor (BJT)

- 6.1 Define Transistor.
- 6.2 Describe the construction of PNP and NPN Transistor.
- 6.3 State the biasing rules of BJT.
- 6.4 Explain the mechanism of current flow of PNP and NPN Transistor.
- 6.5 Establish the relation among Base, Emitter and Collector current ($I_E = I_C + I_B$).
- 6.6 Draw the three basic transistor configuration (CB, CC, CE) circuits.
- 6.7 Describe current amplification factor α , β and γ .
- 6.8 Establish the relation among α , β and γ .
- 6.9 Solve problem related to I_E , I_C , I_B , α , β and γ

7. Understand the concept of BJT Amplifier

- 7.1 Define (i) Amplifier, (ii) Amplification and (III) Gain.
- 7.2 Mention the classification of Amplifier.
- 7.3 Describe the principle of operation of a common emitter (CE) Amplifier.
- 7.4 Draw DC & AC equivalent circuits of the CE amplifier circuit.
- 7.5 Mention the formula of (i) Input resistance, (ii) Output Resistance, (iii) Current gain, (iv) Voltage gain and (v) power gain.
- 7.6 Solve problem related to different gain and resistance.

8. Understand the main feature of digital electronics

- 8.1 Describe the difference between analog and digital system.
- 8.2 State the advantage of digital system over analog system.
- 8.3 Define logic gate.
- 8.4 Describe the basic logic gates and their function (AND gate, OR gate and NOT circuit or INVERTER).
- 8.5 Describe the NAND, NOR, XOR & XNOR logic gates and their function.
- 8.6 Define Truth table and Prepare truth table to describe the function of AND, OR, NOT, NAND, NOR, XOR and XNOR logic gates.

Practical:

1 Show skill in identifying the electronic components.

- 1.1 Observe the electronic components board and read the manuals.
- 1.2 Identify the different types of resistors with their values, tolerance and wattage.
- 1.3 Identify the different types of potentiometer with their values and wattage.
- 1.4 Identify the different types of capacitors with their values, dc working voltages and types.
- 1.5 Identify the different types of diode and rectifier with the specification numbers and specifications.
- 1.6 Identify the different types of transistors with their specification number and specifications.
- 1.7 Identify the different types of LED's, IC's and miniature relays with their specification number and specification.
- 1.8 Identify different types of transformer with their specification.
- 1.9 Identify different inductors with their values and current ratings.
- 1.10 Study the printed circuit boards.
- 1.11 Sketch the symbols of components used in electronic circuits.
- 1.12 Describe the basic function of each component.
- 1.13 Write a report on above activities.

2 Show skill in electrical measurement.

- 2.1 Perform simple voltage and current measurements on basic series and parallel resistor circuits using the following instruments.
 - a) Voltmeters and ammeters.
 - b) AVO meters.
 - c) Digital multi-meter.
 - d) Basic CRO.

3 Show skill for determining the values of different resistors and capacitors with the help of color code.

- 3.1 Select color code resistors of different values.
- 3.2 Identify the colors and their numerical numbers.
- 3.3 Determine the value of resistors with tolerance.
- 3.4 Determine the value of capacitors and dc working voltage.
- 3.5 Write a report on above activities.

4 Show skill in performing soldering.

- 4.1 Select wires (single strand and multi strand) and cut wires to required length.
- 4.2 Select soldering iron, soldering tag and soldering lead.
- 4.3 Remove wire insulation to required length.
- 4.4 Clean and tin both iron and work piece.
- 4.5 Use a tinned iron in order to transfer adequate heat to the joint.
- 4.6 Joint two singles stranded wires mechanically and solder.
- 4.7 Joint two multi-strand wires mechanically and solder.
- 4.8 Perform soldering exercise for making three dimensional wire frames.
- 4.9 Sketch and write a report on the job.

5 Show skill in soldering & de-soldering of electronic components and wires to the other components and circuit boards.

- 5.1 Select electronic components, wires and PCB.
- 5.2 Determine the rating of the soldering iron suitable for the work piece.
- 5.3 Clean and tin both iron & work piece.
- 5.4 Feed new soldering materials to the tinned and heated joint in order to produce a correct soldering.
- 5.5 Check the quality of soldering.
- 5.6 Clean and tin iron and de-solder the joint and components.
- 5.7 Use solder suckers and solder braid for de-soldering.
- 5.8 Write a report on the Job.

6 Show skill in checking the semi-conductor diode.

- 6.1 Collect a range of semi-conductor diodes and manufactures literature.
- 6.2 Select the digital multi-meter and set the selector switch to ohm range.
- 6.3 Determine the specification of semi-conductor diode.
- 6.4 Compare the determined specification with that of manufactures literature.
- 6.5 Measure forward & reverse resistances of the diode.
- 6.6 Identify P and N side of the diode.
- 6.7 Determine the condition of the diode.

7 Show skill in sketching forward and reverse characteristics curves of a semiconductor diode.

- 7.1 Select meter, power supply, components and materials.
- 7.2 Complete circuit according to circuit diagram for forward bias.
- 7.3 Check all connections.
- 7.4 Measure forward bias and corresponding forward current.
- 7.5 Record results in tabular form.
- 7.6 Connect circuit according to circuit diagram of reverse bias.
- 7.7 Measure reverse bias and corresponding reverse current.
- 7.8 Record results in tabular form.
- 7.9 Sketch the curves from collected data.

8 Show skill in sketching waves of half wave rectifier circuit.

- 8.1 Select meter, component, oscilloscope and materials.
- 8.2 Complete circuit of a half wave rectifier according to circuit diagram.
- 8.3 Check the circuit before operation.
- 8.4 Measure the input and output voltage and observe wave shapes in the oscilloscope.
- 8.5 Sketch the input and output voltage wave shape.

9 Show skill in sketching waves of full wave center tapped rectifier circuit.

- 9.1 Select meter, component, oscilloscope and materials.
- 9.2 Complete a full wave rectifier circuit according to circuit diagram.
- 9.3 Check the circuit supply & polarity of supply.
- 9.4 Measure the input & output voltages and observe wave shapes in the oscilloscope.
- 9.5 Sketch the output voltage wave shape.
- 9.6 Compare the result with full wave rectifier circuit.

10 Show skill in constructing full wave bridge rectifier.

- 10.1 Select meter, component, oscilloscope and materials.
- 10.2 Build the circuit according to the circuit diagram.
- 10.3 Check the circuit.
- 10.4 Measure the input and output voltage.
- 10.5 Observe wave shape.
- 10.6 Compare the result with other rectifiers.

11 Show skill in identifying the bipolar junction transistor.

- 11.1 Select PNP and NPN bipolar junction transistors.
- 11.2 Take DMM and manufacture's literature of transistor.
- 11.3 Identify transistor terminals.
- 11.4 Measure base-emitter, base-collector, forward and reverse resistance.
- 11.5 Determine the specifications with help of manufacturer's literatures.
- 11.6 Identify PNP and NPN transistor.

12 Show skill in determining input and output characteristics of a transistor in common emitter connection.

- 12.1 Select component, AVO meters, circuit board and required materials.
- 12.2 Construct the circuit.
- 12.3 Adjust the biasing voltage to appropriate point.
- 12.4 Record input and output voltage and current.
- 12.5 Plot the curve with recorded data.

13 Show skill in testing special diodes.

- 13.1 Select different types of special diodes.
- 13.2 Set the AVO meter in the ohm scale.
- 13.3 Measure resistances for each of two terminals.
- 13.4 Determine the condition (good and bad).
- 13.5 Determine the different terminals.

14 Verify the truth tables of different types of logic gates.

- 14.1 Select the specific gate.
- 14.2 Prepare the experimental circuit.
- 14.3 Adjust the power supply.
- 14.4 Verify the truth table.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. A Text Book Of Applied Electronics R.S. Sedha
- Principles Of Electronics
 Basic Electronics (Solid Stater)
 V. K. Mehta
 B. L. Theraja
- 4. Electronic Devices And Circuit Theory Robert Boylestad
 - Louis Nashelsky

7.1.1

7.1.2 OBJECTIVES

- To develop the ability to use various drawing instruments and materials.
- To enable in constructing and using various types of scales in drawing.
- To provide the ability to construct various geometrical figures.
- To enable to adopt various symbols used in drawing.
- To understand the orthographic and isometric projection.

7.1.2.1.1 SHORT DESCRIPTION

Drawing instruments and their uses; Lettering, numbering and constructing title strip; Adopting alphabet of lines and dimensioning; Constructing scales; Constructing geometrical figures; Constructing conic sections; Adopting symbols; Views and isometric projections.

7.1.2.1.1.1 DETAIL DESCRIPTION

7.2 DRAWING INSTRUMENTS AND MATERIALS

- 1 Practice with drawing instruments and materials for basic drawing technique.
 - 1.1 Identify the different types of drawing instruments.
 - 1.2 Use different types of drafting equipment.
 - 1.3 Use different types of drafting software.
 - 1.4 Identify the standard sizes of drawing board and sheets.
 - 1.5 Draw the border lines in drawing sheets following standard rule.
 - 1.6 Draw horizontal, vertical and inclined lines with the help of set squares and T-square.
 - 1.7 Draw 15 degree, 75 degree, 105 degree and 120 degree angles with the help of set squares.
 - 1.8 Use lettering guide, template, scale pantograph and French curve.

7.3 LETTERING NUMBERING AND TITLE STRIP

2 Letter and number freehand and with instruments.

- 2.1 Identify the necessity of good lettering in engineering drawing.
- 2.2 Draw freehand single stroke vertical letters from A to Z (upper and lower case) and numbers 0 to 9.
- 2.3 Draw freehand inclined (65 degree to 75 degree) single stroke letters from A to Z (upper and lower case) and numbers from 0 to 9.
- 2.4 Draw block letters (Gothic) using 5: 4 and 7: 5 proportions and height.
- 2.5 Select a suitable size of letters and write a few sentences using all the letters selecting suitable scale
- 2.6 Draw title strip with proper placement using suitable size of letters and measurements.

7.3.1 ALPHABET OF LINES AND DIMENSIONING

3 Adopt the alphabet of lines.

- 3.1 Select different lines in drawing.
- 3.2 Use center line, hidden line, phantom line, break line, dimension line, extension line, section line and cutting plane line.
- 3.3 Use different thickness of line to emphasize a part of drawing.
- 3.4 Select recommended grades of pencils for various types of lines for engineering drawing.

4 Adopt the elements and theory of dimensioning.

- 4.1 Put dimensions in engineering drawing according to an accepted standard.
- 4.2 Identify the elements of dimensions from a given dimensioned drawing.
- 4.3 Apply aligned and unidirectional system of dimensioning.
- 4.4 Draw size and location of dimension, continuous dimension, staggered dimension and dimensioning in limited space.
- 4.5 Add necessary dimension to a given drawing with suitable arrows.

7.4 CONSTRUCTION OF SCALE

5 Prepare scale for drawing application.

- 5.1 Calculate representative fraction and interpret a scale reading.
- 5.2 Use different types of scale to find full size dimension.
- 5.3 Draw a plain scale to show meters, centimeters and millimeters of a given distance on object.
- 5.4 Draw a diagonal scale to show three units having given RF.
- 5.5 Read particular distance on plain and diagonal scale.
- 5.6 Use scale of chord.
- 5.7 Draw angle of 49 degree, 78 degree and 95 degree with the help of scale of chord.

7.5 GEOMETRICAL CONSTRUCTIONS & CONIC SECTIONS

6 Construct geometric figures (regular polygons) & Construct conic sections.

- **6.1** Draw regular polygons i.e. pentagon, hexagon and octagon having given one side.
- 6.2 Draw an ellipse by concentric circle method.
- 6.3 Draw an ellipse by parallelogram method.
- 6.4 Draw an ellipse by four center method.
- 6.5 Draw a parabola having given foci and director.
- 6.6 Draw a parabola from given abscissa and ordinate.

7.6 SYMBOLS

7 Adopt standard symbols in drawing.

- 7.1 Identify symbols used in drawing.
- 7.2 Draw a legend using symbols of different engineering materials.
- 7.3 Draw the symbols of different plumbing fittings and fixtures used in drawing.
- 7.4 Draw the symbols of different electrical fittings and fixtures used in drawing.
- 7.5 Interpret information from drawing containing standard symbols.

7.7

8. Understand the views of engineering drawing.

- 8.1 Identify different types of views
- 8.2 Interpret different types of views

9 Apply the Principles of orthographic projection to a straight line.

- 9.1 Draw the orthographic projection of a straight line under the following conditions:
 - a) Line parallel to both planes
 - b) Line perpendicular in vertical plane and parallel to horizontal plan
 - c) Line parallel to vertical plane and perpendicular to horizontal plane
 - d) Line inclined at given angle to horizontal plane and parallel to vertical plane
 - e) Line inclined at given angle to vertical plane and parallel to horizontal plane

10 Apply the principles of orthographic projection of rectangular and circular planes (Lamina)

- 10.1 Draw the orthographic projection of rectangular lamina Parallel to both planes.
- 10.2 Draw the orthographic projection of rectangular lamina inclined at given angle to horizontal plane
- 10.3 Draw the orthographic projection of circular lamina parallel to both planes

11 Apply the principles of orthographic projections of geometric solids

- Draw the orthographic projection of a cube kept at an angle with one of the planes in first angle method
- Draw the orthographic projection of a pyramid kept at an angle with both the planes in 1st angle method
- 11.3 Draw the orthographic projection of a cone kept at an angle with both the planes in third angle method.
- Draw the orthographic projection of a prism kept at an angle with vertical plane in third angle method.

ISOMETRIC PROJECTION

12 Understand the importance, use and scope of isometric views in engineering.

- 12.1 Identify isometric views
- 12.2 Draw the isometric view of rectangular and circular lamina
- 12.3 Draw the isometric projection of solids such as: cube, cylinder, pyramid, prism and steps from different orthographic views
- 12.4 Draw the isometric projection of three deterrent engineering parts from orthographic views

REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1 Geometrical Drawing I H Morris
- 2 Prathamic Engineering Drawing Hemanta Kumar Bhattacharia
- 3 Civil Engineering Drawing Guru Charan singh

ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING FUNDAMENTALS

T P C 3 3 4

OBJECTIVES

- To familiarize the basic electrical quantities & laws and to apply them in solving problems of electrical circuits.
- To acquaint with electro-magnetism, electro-magnetic induction.
- To develop skill in electrical wiring.
- To familiarize with DC generator, AC generator, AC motor, DC Motor & Transformers.
- To appreciate the safety measures to be taken for electrical wiring.

SHORT DESCRIPTION

Electric current, Voltage & Resistance; Conductors and insulators; Ohm's law; Kirchhoff's Law; Joule's law; Faraday's law; Basic electrical circuits; Power and energy; Electro-magnetic induction; House wiring; Controlling devices; Protective devices; Earthing; DC Motor, AC Motor, DC Generator; AC Generator; Transformer & Electricity Act/Rule.

DETAIL DESCRIPTION

Theory:

ELECTRIC CURRENT

- 1 Understand electricity and its nature.
 - 1.1 State the meaning of electricity.
 - 1.2 Describe the structure of atom.
 - 1.3 Define current, voltage and resistance.
 - 1.4 State the units of current, voltage and resistance.

CONDUCTOR, SEMICONDUCTOR & INSULATOR

- 2 Understand conductor semiconductor & insulator.
 - 2.1 Define conductor, semiconductor and insulator.
 - 2.2 Explain the conductor, semiconductor and insulator according to electron theory.
 - 2.3 List at least 5 conductors, 5 semiconductor and 5 insulators.
 - 2.4 Describe the factors upon which the resistance of a conductor depends.
 - 2.5 State laws of resistance.
 - 2.6 Prove the relation $R=\rho L/A$
 - 2.7 Explain the meaning of resistivity and name the unit of resistivity.
 - 2.8 Solve problems relating to laws of resistance.

OHM'S LAW

3 Understand Ohm's Law

- 3.1 State Ohm's law.
- 3.2 Deduce the relation between energy current, voltage and resistance.
- 3.3 Solve problems relating to Ohm's law.

7.7.1 Principles of <u>Kirchhoff's Law</u>

4 Understand Kirchhoff's Law

- 4.1 State Kirchhoff's current law.
- 4.2 Explain the Kirchhoff's current law.
- 4.3 Sate Kirchhoff's Voltage law.
- 4.4 Explain the Kirchhoff's Voltage law.
- 4.5 Solve problem by Kirchhoff's Law

BASIC ELECTRIC CIRCUITS

- 5 Understand electric circuit.
 - 5.1 Define electric circuit.
 - 5.2 Name the different types of electric circuits.
 - 5.3 Define series circuit, parallel circuit and mixed circuit.
 - 5.4 Describe the characteristic of series circuit and parallel circuit.
 - 5.5 Calculate the equivalent resistance of series circuit, parallel circuit.
 - 5.6 Solve problems relating to DC series circuit, parallel circuit and mixed circuit.
 - 5.7 Define inductor, capacitor, inductive reactance & capacitive reactance.
 - 5.8 Write the formula of inductive reactance, capacitive reactance & impedance.
 - 5.9 Draw the AC circuit containing resistor, Inductor and Capacitor in Series and parallel circuit.
 - 5.10 Problem on AC series & parallel circuit.

POWER AND ENERGY

- 6 Apply the concept of electrical power and energy.
 - 6.1 Define electrical power and energy.
 - 6.2 State the unit of electrical power and energy.
 - 6.3 Show the relation between electrical power and energy.
 - 6.4 Name the instruments for measuring of electrical power and energy.
 - 6.5 Draw the connection diagram of wattmeter and energy meter in an electrical circuit.
 - 6.6 Solve problems relating to electrical power and energy Calculation.

ELECTRO MAGNETIC INDUCTIONS

- 7 Understand the principles of Joule's law.
 - 7.1 Explain Joule's law regarding the development of heat in electrical circuit.
 - 7.2 Describe meaning of "J".
 - 7.3 Solve problems relating to Joule's law.

8 Understand the Faraday's laws of Electro-magnetic Inductions

- 8.1 Define Electro-magnetic Inductions.
- 8.2 Explain Faraday's laws of Electro-magnetic Induction.
- 8.3 Solve problems on Electro-magnetic Induction.

WIRES AND CABLES

- 9 Understand the uses of wires and cables.
 - 9.1 Define electrical wires and cables.
 - 9.2 Distinguish between wires and cables.
 - 9.3 Describe the procedure of measuring the size of wires and cables by wire gauge.

HOUSE WIRING

10 Understand the different methods of house wiring.

- 10.1 State the meaning of wiring.
- 10.2 List the types of wiring.
- 10.3 State the types of wiring used in:
 - a) Residential building.
 - b) Workshop
 - c) Cinema hall/Auditorium
 - d) Temporary shed
- 10.4 List the name of fittings used in different types of electrical wiring.

CONTROLLING & PROTECTIVE DEVICES

- 11 Understand the controlling and protective devices & use of them.
 - 11.1 Define controlling device.
 - 11.2 Name the different types of controlling devices.
 - 11.3 Define protective devices.
 - 11.4 Name the different types of protective devices.
 - 11.5 Name the different types of fuses used in house wiring.
 - 11.6 Name the different types of circuit breaker used in house wiring.

EARTHING

12 Understand the necessity of earthing.

- 12.1 Define earthing
- 12.2 Explain necessity of earthing
- 12.3 Name different types of earthing

8 TRANSFORMER

13 Understand the principle of operation of transformer.

- 13.1 Define transformer.
- 13.2 Explain the working principle of transformer.
- 13.3 Write the equation relating to voltage, current & turns of primary & secondary winding of transformer.
- 13.4 Name the different losses of transformer.
- 13.5 Define transformation ratio (voltage, current and turns).
- 13.6 Solve problems on transformation ratio.

DC GENERATOR

14 Understand the principle of DC generator

- 14.1 Define DC Generator.
- 14.2 Classify DC Generator.
- 14.3 Explain the constructional features of DC Generator.
- 14.4 Explain the working principle of DC generator.
- 14.5 Name the different losses of DC Generator.

AC GENERATOR

15 Understand the principle of AC generator

- 15.1 Define AC Generator.
- 15.2 Explain the constructional features of AC Generator.
- 15.3 Explain the Working Principle of AC Generator.
- 15.4 Name the different losses of AC Generator.

DC MOTOR

16 Understand the principle of DC motor.

- 16.1 Define DC motor.
- 16.2 Classify DC Motor.
- 16.3 Name the different parts of DC motor.
- 16.4 Explain the working principle of DC Motor.
- 16.5 Name the different losses of DC Motor.
- 16.6 List the uses of different types of DC Motor.

9 AC MOTOR

17 Understand the principle of Induction motor.

- 17.1 Define Induction motor.
- 17.2 Classify Induction Motor.
- 17.3 Describe the principles of operation of capacitor motor.
- 17.4 List the uses of induction motor.

ELECTRICITY ACT

18 Understand act/rule of Bangladesh and safety practices.

- 18.1 Sate electricity act/rule of Bangladesh to be followed in electrical wiring.
- 18.2 Describe the importance of electricity act/rule.
- 18.3 Describe safety procedure against electricity hazard.
- 18.4 List the performance of safety practices for electrical equipment, machines and accessories.

Practical:

1 Identify and use electrical measuring instruments.

- 1.1 Identify Voltmeters, Ammeters, Clip-on meter, Frequency meter, Wattmeter, Energy meter and AVO meter.
- 1.2 Select & read the scale of given meters.
- 1.3 Connect correctly voltmeter, ammeter, wattmeter and energy meter to a given circuit...

2 Show skill in verification of Ohm's Law.

- 2.1 Sketch the circuit diagram for the verification of Ohm's Law.
- 2.2 List tools, equipment and material required for the experiment.
- 2.3 Prepare the circuit according to the circuit diagram using proper equipment.
- 2.4 Check all connections before the circuit is energized.
- 2.5 Verify the law by collecting relevant data.

3 **Show skill in verification of Kirchhoff's Law.**

- 3.1 Sketch the circuit diagram for the verification of Kirchhoff's Law.
- 3.2 List tools, equipment and material required for the experiment.
- 3.3 Prepare the circuit according to the circuit diagram using proper equipment.
- 3.4 Check all connections before the circuit is energized.
- 3.5 Verify the laws by collecting relevant data.

4 Verify the characteristics of series and parallel circuits.

- 4.1 Draw the working circuit diagram.
- 4.2 List tools, equipment and materials required for the experiment.
- 4.3 Prepare the circuit according to the circuit diagram using proper equipment.
- 4.4 Check all connections before the circuit is energized.
- 4.5 Record data and verify that in a series circuit total voltage and resistance is equal to the summation of individual voltage and resistance respectively but total current is equal to the individual current.
- 4.6 Record data and verify that for a parallel circuit supply voltage is equal to the branch voltage, supply current is equal to summation of branch currents.

5 Show skill in measuring the power of an electric circuit.

5.1 Sketch the necessary circuit diagram of an electrical circuit with electrical load, ammeter, voltmeter and wattmeter.

- 5.2 Prepare the circuit according to the circuit diagram using ammeter, voltmeter and wattmeter.
- 5.3 Record the power, measured by the wattmeter and verify the reading with that of calculated from ammeter and voltmeter.
- 5.4 Compare the measured data with that of calculated and rated power.

6 Show skill in measuring the energy consumed in an electrical circuit.

- 6.1 Sketch the necessary diagram of an electric circuit wattmeter, energy meter and electrical load.
- 6.2 Prepare the circuit according to the circuit diagram user wattmeter and energy meter.
- 6.3 Record the energy measured by the energy meter and verify with that of calculated from wattmeter for a fixed time.

7 Show skill in uses of hand tools, wires and cables.

- 7.1 List the hand tools used in electrical wiring.
- 7.2 Identify the hand tools used in electrical wiring.
- 7.3 Draw neat sketches of hand tools used in electrical wiring.
- 7.4 Identify different types of wires and cables.
- 7.5 Measure the diameter of the identified wire and cables using standard wire gauge.

8 Show skill in preparing wiring circuit of two lamps controlled from two points separately.

- 8.1 Sketch a working circuit of two lamps controlled from two points separately.
- 8.2 Make the wiring circuit using required materials and equipment a wiring board.
- 8.3 Test the connection of circuit by providing proper supply.

9 Show skill in preparing wiring circuit of one lamp controlled from two points.

- 9.1 Sketch a working diagram of one lamp controlled by two SPD tumbler Switches.
- 9.2 Complete the wiring circuit using required materials and equipment on wiring board.
- 9.3 Test the connection of circuit by providing proper supply.

10 Show skill in preparing wiring circuit of one bell with two indicating lamp controlled from two points.

- 10.1 Sketch a working diagram of one bell with two indicating lamps controlled by two push button switch.
- 13.2 Make the wiring circuit using required materials and equipment in wiring board.
- 13.3 Test the connection of circuit by providing proper supply.

11 Show skill in preparing wiring circuit of a fluorescent tube light.

- 11.1 Sketch a working diagram of a fluorescent tube light circuit.
- 11.2 Make the connection of a fluorescent tube light circuit using required materials and equipment.
- 11.3 Test the connection of the circuit by providing supply.

12 Find the transformation ratio of a transformer.

- 12.1 Develop a circuit to perform the experiment.
- 12.2 Select required equipment and materials.
- 12.3 Connect the components according to the circuit diagram.
- 12.4 Check the connections.
- 12.5 Record the primary (E_P) and secondary (E_S) voltages.
- 12.6 Calculate the transformation ratio using the relation

$$\frac{E_S}{E_P} = \frac{N_S}{N_P} = K$$

12.7 Note down the observations.

13 Dis-assemble and re-assemble the parts of a DC generator/ DC motor.

- 13.1 Select the necessary tools required for dis-assembling and re-assembling the parts of DC generator/ DC motor.
- 13.2 Identify at least ten main parts of the generator/motor.
- 13.3 Sketch at least ten main parts of the generator/motor.
- 13.4 Re-assemble the parts of the generator/motor.
- 13.5 Connect the generator/motor to the proper power source.
- 13.6 Start the generator/motor.

14 Start a 1-phase capacitor type motor/ceiling fan with regulator.

- 14.1 Select the equipment and tools required for the experiment.
- 14.2 Sketch a working diagram.
- 14.3 Identify the two sets of coils.
- 14.4 Connect the capacitor with the proper set of coil.
- 14.5 Connect power supply to the fan motor.
- 14.6 Test the rotation of the motor opposite direction by changing the capacitor connection.
- 14.7 Note down the observations.

REFERENCE BOOKS

1 A text book of Electrical Technology
2 Basic Electricity
3 Basic Electrical theory and Practice
4 Electrical Machine
-B. L. Theraja
-Charles W Ryan
-E. B. Babler
-Siskind

সিলেবাস

MATHEMATICS-1

T P C 3 3 4

OBJECTIVES

- To acquaint the students with the basic terminology of Algebra.
- To be able to understand the complex numbers which are being used in electrical engineering.
- To be able to understand the binomial expansion.
- To be able to use the knowledge of trigonometry in solving problems of engineering importance.

SHORT DESCRIPTION

Algebra : AP & GP, Polynomials & polynomial equations, Complex number, Permutation & Combination, Binomial theorem for positive integral index and negative & fractional index

Trigonometry: Ratio of associated angles, Compound angles, Transformation formulae, multiple angles and Sub-multiple angles.

DETAIL DESCRIPTION

ALGEBRA:

- 1 Understand the concept of AP & GP.
 - 1.1 Define AP and common difference.
 - 1.2 Find last term and sum of n terms, given first term and common difference.
 - 1.3 Define GP and common ratio.
 - 1.4 Find the sum of n terms given first and common ratio.

2 Apply the concept of polynomial in solving the problems.

- 2.1 Define polynomials and polynomial equation.
- 2.2 Explain the roots and co-efficient of polynomial equations.
- 2.3 Find the relation between roots and co-efficient of the polynomial equations.
- 2.4 Determine the roots and their nature of quadratic polynomial equations.
- 2.5 Form the equation when the roots of the quadratic polynomial equations are given.
- 2.6 Find the condition of the common roots of quadratic polynomial equations.
- 2.7 Solve the problems related to the above.

3 Understand the concept of complex numbers.

- 3.1 Define complex numbers.
- 3.2 Perform algebraic operation (addition, subtraction, multiplication, division, square root) with complex number of the form a + ib.
- 3.3 Find the cube roots of unity.
- 3.4 Apply the properties of cube root of unity in solving problems.

4 Apply the concept of permutation.

- 4.1 Explain permutation.
- 4.2 Find the number of permutation of n things taken r at a time when,
 - i) things are all different.
 - ii) things are not all different.
- 4.3 Solve problems of the related to permutation :
 - i) be arranged so that the vowels may never be separated. From 10 man and 6 women a committee of 7 is to be formed. In how many ways can this be done so as to include at least two women in the committee.

5 Apply the concept of Combination.

- 5.1 Explain combination.
- 5.2 Find the number of combination of n different things taken r at a time.
- 5.3 Explain ${}^{n}C_{r}$, ${}^{n}C_{n}$, ${}^{n}C_{0}$
- 5.4 Find the number of combination of n things taken r at a time in which p particular things
 - i) Always occur ii) never occur.
- 5.5 Establish i) ${}^{n}C_{r} = {}^{n}C_{n-r}$

ii)
$${}^{n}C_{r} + {}^{n}C_{r-1} = {}^{n+1}C_{r}$$

5.6 Solve problems related to combination.

6 Apply partial fraction to break the numerator and denominator.

- **6.1** Define proper and improper fractions.
- **6.2** Resolve in to partial fraction of the followings types:
 - a) Denominator having a non-repeated linear factor.
 - b) Denominator having a repeated linear factor.
 - c) Denominator having a quadratic factors.
 - d) Denominator having a combination of repeated, non-repeated and quadratic factors.

7 Apply the concept of binomial theorem.

- 7.1 State binomial expression.
- 7.2 Express the binomial theorem for positive index.
- 7.3 Find the general term, middle term, equidistant term and term independent of x.
- 7.4 Use binomial theorem to find the value of
 - i) (0.9998)2, correct to six places of decimal.

ii)
$$(1 + \sqrt{2})^5 - (1 - \sqrt{2})^5$$

8 Apply the concept of binomial theorem for negative index.

- 8.1 Express the binomial theorem for negative and fractional index.
- 8.2 Solve problems of the following types:

Expand (i)
$$(1 - nx)^{-\frac{1}{n}}$$
 (ii) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{4.08}}$

TRIGONOMETRY:

9 Apply the concept of associated angles.

- 9.1 Define associated angles.
- 9.2 Find the sign of trigonometrical function in different quadrants.
- 9.3 Calculate trigonometrical ratios of associated angle.
- 9.4 Solve the problems using above.

10 Apply the principle of trigonometrical ratios of compound angles.

- 10.1 Define compound angles.
- 10.2 Establish the following relation geometrically for acute angles.
 - i) $\sin (A \pm B) = \sin A \cos B \pm \cos A \sin B$.
 - ii) $\cos (A \pm B) = \cos A \cos B \pm \sin A \sin B$.
- 10.3 Deduce formula for tan $(A \pm B)$, Cot $(A \pm B)$.
- 10.4 Apply the identities to work out the problems:
 - i) find the value of sin 75°, tan 75°.

ii) show that
$$\frac{\sin 75^\circ + \sin 15^\circ}{\sin 75^\circ - \sin 15^\circ} = \sqrt{3}$$

iii) if
$$\alpha + \beta = \theta$$
, $\tan \alpha + \tan \beta = b$, $\cot \alpha + \cot \beta = a$, show that $(a - b) = ab \cot \theta$.

11 Apply sum and product formula of trigonometrical ratios.

- 11.1 Express sum or difference of two sines and cosines as a product and vice-versa
- 11.2 Solve problems of the followings types:
 - i) show that, $\sin 55^{\circ} + \cos 55^{\circ} = \sqrt{2} \cos 10^{\circ}$
 - ii) prove that, $\cos 80^{\circ} \cos 60^{\circ} \cos 40^{\circ} \cos 20^{\circ} = \frac{1}{16}$

12 Apply the concept of ratios of multiple angles.

- 12.1 State the identities for sin 2A, cos 2A and tan 2A.
- 12.2 Deduce formula for sin 3A, cos 3A and tan 3A.
- 12.3 Solve the problems of the followings types.
 - i) express $\cos 5\theta$ in terms of $\cos \theta$.

ii) if
$$\tan \alpha = 2 \tan \beta$$
, show that, $\tan (\alpha + \beta) = \frac{3 \sin 2\alpha}{1 + 3 \cos 2\alpha}$

13 Apply the concept of ratios of sub-multiple angles.

- 13.1 Find mathematically the identities for sin α , cos α and tan α in terms of $\frac{\alpha}{2}$ and $\frac{\alpha}{3}$
- 13.2 Solve the problems of the type : find the value of cos 3° , cos 6° , cos 9° , cos 18° , cos 36° etc.

Reference

SL No	Athour	Title	Publication
01	S. P Deshpande	Mathematics for Polytechnic Students	Pune Vidyarthi Graha Prakashan
02	H. K. Das	Mathematics for Polytechnic Students(Volume I)	S.Chand Prakashan
03	Ashim Kumar Saha	Higher Mathematics	Akshar patra Prakashani
04	S.U Ahamed & M A Jabbar	Higher Mathematics	Alpha Prakashani

Syllabus T P C Chemistry 3 3

4

Subject Code:

Objectives:

- 1. To understand mole concept and volumetric analysis.
- 2. To represent the formation of bonds in molecules.
- 3. Able to select appropriate materials used in construction.
- 4. Apply knowledge to enhance operative life span of engineering material and structure by various protective methods.

Short Description: Chemistry is a basic science subject which is essential to all engineering courses. It gives knowledge of engineering material, their properties related application and selection of material for engineering application. It is intended to teach student the quality of water and its treatment as per the requirement and selection of various construction materials and their protection by metallic and organic coatings. The topics covered will provide sufficient fundamental as well as background knowledge for the particular branch.

Section - 01 (physical and Inorganic Chemistry)

1. Atomic Structure and Chemical Bond

- 1.1 Definition of Element, atoms, molecules, Fundamental particle of atom, their mass, charge, location.
- 1.2 Definition of atomic number, mass number, Isotope, Isotone and Isobar.
- 1.3 Electronic configuration based on Hunds Rule, Aufbau's principle, Paulis exclusion principle
- 1.4 Definition of atomic weight, equivalent weight of an element, molecular weight, mole in terms of number, mass, volume.
- 1.5 Define symbol, valency and formula.
- 1.6 Explain Chemical bond, octet rule.
- 1.7 Explain Formation of various types of chemical bonds: Covalent, Ionic, Co-ordinate bond.
- 1.8 Explain the bonding along with example CH₄,H₂,O₂,NaCl,MgCl₂.
- 1.9 Explain Quantum number, Orbit and Orbital.

2. Ionic Equilibrium

- 2.1 Concept of acid, base, salt and types of salts.
- 2.2 pH, pOH, pH scale.
- 2.3 Basicity of an acid and acidity of a base.
- 2.4 Normality, molarity, molality, Volumetric analysis.
- 2.5 Titration and Indicator.
- 2.6 Buffer solution and its mechanism.

3. Chemical reaction, oxidation and reduction.

- 3.1 Define Chemical reaction and explain the various type of chemical reaction.
- 3.2 Explain the full meaning of a chemical equation.
- 3.3 Concept of catalyst.
- 3.4 Modern concept of oxidation and reduction.
- 3.5 Simultaneous Process of Oxidation and Reduction.
- 3.6 Explain the oxidation number.

4. Water Treatment

- 4.1 Concept of hard and soft water
- 4.2 Hardness of water
- 4.3 Describe the softening method of permuted process and ion exchange resin process.
- 4.4 Advantage and Disadvantage of hard water in different industries.
- 4.5 Water treatment plant visit and reporting.

5. Corrosion and Alloy

- 5.1 Types of corrosion.(dry and wet corrosion)
- 5.2 Atmospheric corrosion, Types of atmospheric corrosion and their mechanism, oxide films factors affecting atmospheric corrosion.
- 5.3 electrochemical corrosion, Mechanism of electrochemical corrosion .Types of electrochemical corrosion. Factors affecting electrochemical corrosion.
- 5.4. Protective measures against corrosion: Coating (Galvanic and Zinc, Organic coating agents, Electroplating, metal cladding)
- 5.5 Concept of alloy.

Section -2 (Organic Chemistry)

6. Organic Chemistry and Introduction to polymers:

- 6.1 Types of Chemistry.
- 6.2 Catenation property of carbon.
- 6.3 Organic compounds, its properties and applications.
- 6.4 Classification of organic compound by structure and functional group: Definne: Homologous series, Alkanes, Alkenes and alkynes; Properties and uses of general formula; Names and Structure of first five members hydrocarbons.
- 6.5 Polymer, monomer, classification of polymers, Polymerization, addition and condensation polymerization.
- 6.6 Plastics: definition, its types and uses.

Section -3 (Industrial Chemistry)

7. Glass and Ceramic:

- 7.1 Concept of Glass and its constituents, Classification and uses of different glass, elementary idea of manufacturing process of glass.
- 7.2 Introduction to ceramic materials, Its constituent.
- 7.3 Industrial application of glass and ceramic.
- 7.4 Industry visit and reporting.

8. Soap and Detergent:

- 8.1 Introduction A. Lipid B. Fats and oils
- 8.2 Saponification of fats and oils, Manufacturing of soap.
- 8.3 Synthetic detergent, types of detergents and its manufacturing.
- 8.4 Exclusives: TNT, RDX, Dynamite.
- 8.5 Paint and Varnish
- 8 6 Adhesives

9. Cement, pulp and papers:

- 9.1 Concept of cement and its constituents, Classification and uses of different cement, manufacturing process of cement.
- 9.2 Manufacturing process of pulp and papers.
- 9.3 Industry visit and reporting.

Section - 4 (Practical Chemistry)

1. Use of laboratory tools and safety measures

2. Observation and measurement:

- 2.1 Determine the strength of HCl solution using 0.1N Na₂CO₃
- 2.2 Determine the strength of NaOH by using 0.1N HCl solution.
 - 3. Qualitative analysis of known and unknown salts:
 - 3.1 Identification of known salt (sample Copper, Iron, Aluminum, led, Ammonium and Zinc salt.)
 - 3.2 Identification of unknown basic radical (e.g. led, Copper, Iron, Zinc, Aluminum, Ammonium)
 - 3.3 Identification of unknown acid radicals (e.g. Chloride, Nitrate, Sulphate, Carbonate)

Source or Reference Book

1. Higher secondary Chemistry (paper 1st and 2nd)

Writer Dr.Gazi Md.Ahsanul Karim. And Md.Robiul Islam

2. Higher secondary Chemistry (Paper 1st and 2nd)

Writer Dr. Soroz kanti Singha Hazari.

3. An Introduction to Metallic corrosion and its prevention

Writer Raj Narayan.

4. Organic Chemistry

Writer Morrisson and Boyad.

5. Inorganic Chemistry

Writer Ali Haider

SOCIAL SCIENCE

T P C 3

OBJECTIVE

To provide opportunity to acquire knowledge and understanding on:

- importance of civics and its relationship with other social sciences
- The relationship of an individual with other individuals in a society
- social organizations, state and government
- rule of law, public opinion and political parties
- UNO and its roles
- The basic concepts and principles of economics and human endeavor in the economic system.
- The realities of Bangladesh economy and the current problems confronting the country.
- The role of Diploma Engineers in industries.
- our motherland and its historical background
- good citizenship through practicing our socio- economic culture
- liberation war and its background
- nationalism and life style of the nation

SHORT DESCRIPTION

Civics and Social Sciences; Individual and Society; Nation and Nationality; Citizenship; state and government; Law; Constitution; Government and its organs; public Opinion; Political Party; UNO and its organs;

Scope and importance of Economics; Basic concepts of Economics- Utility, Wealth, Consumption, income wages, salary, value in use and savings; Production – meaning, nature, factors and laws; Demand and Supply; market equilibrium, national income, Current economic problems of Bangladesh; Role of Diploma Engineers in the economic development of Bangladesh; Occupations and career planning; Engineering teem.

Part-1 (Civics)

- 1. Understand the meaning and scope of civics and inter relations of social sciences.
 - 1.1 Define civics and social science.
 - 1.2 Explain the importance of civics in the personal and social life of an individual.
 - 1.3 Describe the relationship of all social science (civics, Economics, political science, Sociology, ethics)
- 2. Understand the relationship of the individual with the society, Nationality and nation, Rights and duties of a citizen.
- 2.1 Define the concept (individual, society, socialization, Nation, Nationality, citizen and citizenship).
 - 2.2 State the relationship among the individuals in the society.
 - 2.3 Discuss the methods of acquiring citizenship and state the causes of losing citizenship
 - 2.4 Describe the rights of a citizen and state the need for developing good citizenship.
 - 3. Appreciate the relationship between the state and government, law and organs of government.

- **3.1** Meaning the state, government and law
- 3.2 Discuss the elements of state.
- 3.3 Discuss the classification of the forms of government
- 3.4 Distinguish between cabinet form of Government and presidential form of government.
- 3.5 Describe the main organs of Government (legislature, Executive and judiciary)
- 3.6 Discuss the sources of law

4. Understand and the classification of constitution

- 4.1 Define the Constitution.
- 4.2 Explain the deferent form of Constitution
- 4.3 Explain state the salient feature of Bangladesh constitution.
- 4.4 Define the fundamental rights of Bangladesh constitution.
- 4.5 Meaning of human rights.

5. Understand the role of UNO in maintaining world peace

- 5.1 Explain the major functions of UNO.
- 5.2 State the composition and functions of General Assembly.
- 5.3 Describe the Composition and functions of Security Council.
- 6.4 Discuss the role of Bangladesh in the UNO.

6. Understand the role of Ethics values and good governance

- 6.1 Define the values, ethics and good governance.
- 6.2 Discuss the role of government to establish good governance

Part-2 (Economics)

1. Understand the fundamental concepts of economics.

- 1.1 Define the Microeconomics and Macroeconomics.
- 1.2 Discuss the definition of Economics as given by eminent economists.
- 1.3 Describe the importance of economics for Technical Student.
- 1.4 Define commodity, utility, value, wealth, consumption, income, savings, wages, value in use, value in exchange and salary.
- 1.5 Differentiate between value in use and value in exchange.
- 1.6 Explain wealth with its characteristics.

2. Understand the production process and the concept of the law of diminishing returns in the production process.

- 2.1 Discuss production mode and process
- 2.2 Explain the nature of different factors of production.
- 2.3 Discuss production function.
- 2.4 Discuss the law of diminishing returns.
- 2.5 State the application and limitations of the law of diminishing returns.
- 2.6 Describe the law of production (increasing constant and diminishing).

3. Understand the concept of demand, supply and utility.

- 3.1 Define the term, "demand and supply".
- 3.2 Explain the law of demand and supply.
- 3.3 Draw the demand and supply curve.
- 3.4 Discuss Market equilibrium.
- 3.5 Define the utility, total and marginal utility
- 3.6 Illustrate the law of diminishing utility.
- 3.7 Explain the law of diminishing marginal utility

4. Understand national income.

- 4.1 Define nation income.
- 4.2 Explain how to measure national income.
- 4.3 Discuss GNP, GDP and NNP.
- 4.4 Discuss economic development and growth

5. Understand the current issues and the availability and use of natural resource in the economic development of Bangladesh

- 5.1 Define rural and urban economics.
- 5.2 Identify major problems of rural and urban economy.
- 5.3 Explain the migration of rural population to urban areas.
- 5.4 List of the Natural resource of Bangladesh and classify them according to sources of availability.
- 5.5 Explain the importance of the mine, forest and water resources and potential uses for sustainable development.

6. Role of a Diploma Engineer in the Development of Bangladesh Economy.

- 6.1 Explain the concept of the term, "Engineering team"
- 6.2 Identify the functions of Engineers, Diploma Engineers, craftsmen forming the engineering team.
- 6.3 Discuss the role of a Diploma Engineer in the overall economic development of Bangladesh.
- 6.4 Explain socio-economic status of a diploma Engineer.

Part-3 ((Bangladesh: History& Culture)

সংক্ষিপ্ত বিবরণী

৯.১.১.১.১.১.১ ইতিহাস

- ইতিহাসের সংজ্ঞা ।
- বাংলাদেশের আবহাওয়া ও অধিবাসী ।
- বাংলায় ইংরেজ শাসন ক্ষমতালাভ ও প্রতিষ্ঠা ৷
- ব্রিটিশ বিরোধী সশস্ত্র প্রতিরোধ আন্দোলন; সংস্কার আন্দোলন ও জাতীয়তাবাদেও বিকাশ এবং বাংলার নবজাগরণ; বঙ্গভঙ্গ ও বঙ্গভঙ্গ
 উত্তরকালে বাংলার রাজনীতি ও দেশ বিভাগ।
- পাকিস্তান আমলে বাংলাদেশ, বঙ্গবন্ধুর নেতৃত্বে বাংলাদেশের মুক্তি সংগ্রাম ও স্বাধীনতালাভ।

(বিবরণী প্রস্তুত প্রক্রীয়াধীন)

সংস্কৃতি

সংস্কৃতি, সভ্যতার সংজ্ঞা, সংস্কৃতির প্রকরণ, ভাষা আন্দোলন উত্তর বাংলার সংস্কৃতি, স্বাধীনতা উত্তর বাংলাদেশের সংস্কৃতির বিবর্তন, বাংলাদেশের সংস্কৃতিতে প্রত্নতার্ত্তিক নিদর্শন ও ৰুদ্র নৃতান্ত্রিক গোষ্ঠীসমূহ।

(বিবরণী প্রস্তুত প্রক্রীয়াধীন)

৯.১.১.১.১.১.২ সহায়ক পুস্তক

হক, মোজাম্মেল "পৌরনীতি" – হাসান বুক হাউস প্রফেসর এমাজউদ্দিন "রাষ্ট্রবিজ্ঞান" আজিজিয়া লাইব্রেরী আলী, মাসুম "অর্থনীতি" চক্রবর্তী, মনতোষ – "প্রিন্সিপলস অব ইকোনোমিক্স" মার্শাল, আলফ্রেড, – "প্রিন্সিপলস অব ইকোনোমিক্স" রহমান, আনিসুর – "অর্থনীতি"

রহিম, চৌধুরী, মাহমুদ ও ইসলাম, "বাংলাদেশের ইতিহাস (পরিবর্ধিত ও পরিমার্জিত)"; নওরোজ কিতাবিস্তান, আগস্ট, ১৯৯৯। কে, আলী"বাংলাদেশের ইতিহাস"; আজিজিয়া বুক ডিপো, ২০০১।

সিরাজুল ইসলাম, "বাংলাদেশের ইতিহাস-১৭০৪-১৯৭১"; ১ম, ২য় ও ৩য় খন্ড; বাংলাদেশ এশিয়াটিক সোসাইটি, ফেব্রুয়ারি ২০০০।

কো-আম্ভোনভা, প্রি, কতোভদ্ধি, "ভারত বর্ষের ইতিহাস"; প্রগতি প্রকাশন, ১৯৮৮। গোপাল হালদার; "সংস্কৃতির রূপান্তর"; মুক্তধারা, মে ১৯৮৪। মোতাহের হোসেন চৌধুরী, "সংস্কৃতি কথা"; নওরোজ কিতাবিস্তান, জানুয়ারি ১৯৯৮। গোপাল হালদার, "বাংলা সাহিত্যের রূপরেখা-১ম ও ২য় খন্ত"; মুক্তধারা,

PHYSICAL EDUCATION AND LIFE SKILL DEVELOPMENT

T P C 0 3 1

10.1.1.1 OBJECTIVES

- To enhance body fitness.
- To make aware of First Aid Procedure.
- To acquaint with the Common games and sports.
- To develop Life Skill.

10.2 SHORT DESCRIPTION

Warm up; Yoga; Muscle developing with equipment; Meditation, First aid; sports science, Games & sports; Life skill development.

10.2.1.1.1 DETAIL DESCRIPTION

1. National Anthem and Assembly

- 1.1 Line and File.
- 1.2 Make assembly.
- 1.3 Recitation of national anthem.
- 1.4 National anthem in music.

2. Warm up

2.1 General Warm-up:

Spot running (Slow, Medium & Fast), Neck rotation, Hand rotation, Side twisting, Toe touching, Hip rotation, Ankle twisting, Sit up and Upper body bending (Front & Back).

2.2 Squad Drill:

Line, File, Attention, Stand at easy, Stand easy, Left turn, Right turn, About turn, Mark time, Quick march, Right wheel, Left wheel, Open order march & Closed order march.

2.3 Specific warm up:

Legs raising one by one, Leg raising in slanting position, Knee bending and nose touching, Heels raising, Toes touching (standing and laying position), Hand stretch breathing (Tadasana, Horizontal, Vertical).

2.4 Mass Physical Exercise

Hand raising, Side twisting, Front & back bending, Front curl, Straight arm curl two hand, Hands raising overhead and Push up.

3. Yoga

- 3.1 Dhyanasan : Shabasan, Padmasan, Gomukhasan, Sharbangasan, shashangasan Shirshasan
- 3.2 Shasthyasan : Halasan, Matshasan, Paban Muktasan, Ustrasan.
- 3.3 Prana and Pranayama: Nadisuddhi Pranayma, cooling pranayamas (sitali pranayama, Sitkari Pramayama, sadanta pranayama), Ujjayi pranayama,

4. Muscle Developing with equipment

- 4.1 Damball: Front curl, Hand sidewise stretching, Arms raising overhead.
- 4.2 Barball: Front press, Leg press, Rowing motion with leverage bar.
- 4.3 Rope climbing: Straight way climbing, Leg raising climbing.
- 4.4 Horizontal bar: Chinning the bar with front grip, Chinning the bar with wide back grip.
- 4.5 Jogging Machine: Slow, Medium, and Fast running.
- 4.6 A. B king pro (Rowing Machine): Sit up.
- 4.7 Sit up bench: Sit up.

5 Meditation

- 5.1 Define meditation.
- 5.2 Classification of Meditation.
- 5.3 Nadanusandhana (A-Kara chanting, U-Kara chanting, M-Kara chanting, AUM-kara chanting.
- 5.4 OM-Meditation.
- 5.5 Cyclic Meditation (Starting Prayer, Instant Relaxation Technique, Centring, Standing Asanas, Sitting Asanas, Quick Relaxation Technique).

6. First Aid

- 6.1 Define First Aid.
- 6.2 What do you mean by First Aider.
- 6.3 Discuss the responsibilities of a First Aider.
- 6.4 Different types of equipment of First Aid.
- 6.5 Muscle Cramp-Ice application (Remedy).
- 6.7 Dislocation-Ice application (Remedy).

7. Rules and Technique of games and sports

- 7.1 Kabadi.
- 7.2 Football.
- 7.3 Cricket.
- 7.4 Badminton.
- 7.5 Athletics.
- 7.6 Swimming.

8. Sports Science

- 8.1 Definition of Exercise physiology.
- 8.2 Function of muscles.
- 8.3 Concept of work, energy and power.
- 8.4 Effect of exercise on heart and circulatory system.
- 8.5 Motor components for physical fitness.
- 8.6 Definition of sports Biomechanics.
- 8.7 Definition of sports psychology.
- 8.8 Meaning of nutrition, Diet and Balanced diet.
- 8.9 Meaning of the terms –Test, measurement and Evaluation.

9. Show skill on conversation on day to day life

- 9.1 Today's Market price.
- 9.2 Festivals(religious festivals, National festivals).
- 9.3 Celebration of National days.
- 9.4 Aim in life.
- 9.5 Visited historical places/sites.

10. Human relation

- 10.1 Family relation.
- 10.2 Relation with nighbour.
- 10.3 Humanitarian Service.
- 10.4 Service for handicapped (intelligent, physical, social etc).
- 10.5 Service for orphan / Patient.

11 Vote of appreciation

- 11.1 About dress.
- 11.2 For good work.
- For good result.
- 11.4 For good news.

12. Stress Management

12.1 Habit to be a man of humor. 12.2 Always brain should be cool. 12.3 Positive thinking. 12.4 Factors that determine our attitude. 12.5 The benefits of a positive attitude. 12.6 Steps to building a positive attitude.

13 Time Management

- 13.1 Determine essential time for a task.
- 13.2 Determine delay and unexpected time.
- 13.3 Determine time for daily activities.
- 13.4 Plan for daily activities.

14 Interview Technique

- **14.1** Mental preparation to face an interview.
- **14.2** Selection of dress for interview.
- **14.3** Introducing himself/herself to the interviewer.
- **14.4** Coping interview.

15 Team work

- **15.1** Organized a team.
- **15.2** Selection of team leader.
- **15.3** Distribution the task to the members.
- **15.4** Accepting opinion of team members.
- **15.5** Completion of task as a team.

16 Social work

- 16.1 Tree plantation.
- 16.2 Community service.
- 16.2.1 Rover Scout.
- 16.2.2 Sanitation.
- 16.2.3 Pure drinking water.
- 16.2.4 Social Culture.

Reference Book

Modern Yoga Kany Lal Shah

Rules of games and sports_ Kazi Abdul Alim

Yoga _ Sobita Mallick

Iron Man_ Nilmoni Dass